What do you know about the vocabulary of theology?

1. Grace

- a. The ability to hold yourself in a proper and stately manner
- b. Unmerited favor
- c. The favor of God based upon the merits of the believer's life
- d. It can be infused by the Holy Spirit to heal from sin

2. Justice

- a. To be proclaimed innocent or guilty
- b. Is based upon the goodness of the person who receives it
- c. The due reward or punishment for an act
- d. Eye for an eye

3. Faith

- a. A belief in God
- b. A trust in God
- c. A hope in God
- d. It is something that a person does.

4. Sanctified

- a. Set apart for a holy use
- b. Something that is holy in itself
- c. It is the predecessor of Justification
- d. It is a part of salvation

5. Righteousness

- a. A moral purity that belongs only to God
- b. It is a moral state of oneness with God
- c. It is an accepted and possessed gift
- d. Right-use-ness

6. Law

- a. The written Word of God
- b. Something that keeps man in line with God's will
- c. It is a covenant or agreement between God and Israel
- d. God's instructions about moral, social and spiritual behavior

7. Salvation

- a. Man's actions that create a willingness for God to forgive sin
- b. It is the act of protection from the effects sin.
- c. The act of saving from deserved damnation
- d. The following of the life and example of Jesus

8. Justification

- a. Declaration of legal righteousness by the elimination of sin
- b. Declaration of legal sanctification by setting aside the pronouncement of guilt.

- c. Being made holy by God's proclamation.
- d. Justification is an earned right based upon repentance.

9. Sin

- a. Sin is based entirely on the law weather known or not.
- b. Sin is trying for the best and falling short
- c. Sin is an act of the will with knowledge of God's will
- d. Sin is rooting for the Golden State Warriors in the NBA

10. Belief

- a. A study of religious faith
- b. A study of God and God's relation to the world
- c. An acceptance that something is true, exists and can be trusted.
- d. A group or body of tenets or understandings held by a group

11. Peace

- a. Absence of war and struggle
- b. A state or period of mutual concord between God and man
- c. A part of a pie
- d. A salutation commonly used during the 50's "Peace Brother"

12. Regeneration

- a. A spiritual renewal of the spiritual condition of a sinner
- b. A process by which man attains perfection through self-denial
- c. Rejuvenation of man's want to do God's will
- d. A renewal of mind in response to God's Spirit

13. Glorification

- a. A future hope after death of a Christian
- b. A present honor bestowed by the Church
- c. It can be earned by self-sacrifice, self-denial, and self-debasement
- d. Becoming a God

14. Adoption

- a. The belief that Jesus became God after proving himself through his testing, baptism, and death. God "adopted Jesus"
- b. An act of God to give admission into God's family
- c. To be born again
- d. It is a legal contract between two peers.

15. Baptism

- a. A believer's identification with Christ in His death, burial, and resurrection.
- b. It is the final act of salvation
- c. It is optional
- d. It requires full emersion

16. Conversion

- a. The act of change between a good person and a righteous person
- b. God converts the unsaved into the saved and from the unregenerate to the regenerate
- c. It has no effect on the purpose of the individual
- d. The act of reducing the voltage from AD to DC

17. Expiation

- a. The spewing out of the mouth the insincere Laodicea church
- b. Life without God
- c. A little known sacrament recommended by Titus
- d. The cancellation of sin

18. Forgiveness

- a. Loving the sinner and not the sin
- b. Requires immersion in water
- c. Releasing someone from a debt or obligation
- d. A word to make someone feel good about their transgressions.

19. Guilt

- a. A feeling
- b. A responsibility for and accountable for an offence
- c. Judicial proclamation by God manifested in man's conscience
- d. A flowing skirt worn by both the Irish and the Scottish

20. Repentance

- a. A conviction of wrong attitudes, actions, or thoughts
- b. It is a requirement for both belief and faith
- c. A place where a believer turns away from sin
- d. Repentance requires absolute rejection